# XITUS RE LTD. CONDENSED GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2023



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors, Xitus Re Ltd.

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying condensed financial statements of Xitus Re Ltd. (formerly Electra Insurance Limited) (the "Company"), which comprise the condensed balance sheet and condensed statement of capital and surplus as of December 31, 2023, and the related condensed statement of income for the year then ended, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "condensed financial statements").

# Unmodified opinion on regulatory basis of accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying condensed financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Insurance Act 1978, amendments thereto and the Insurance Account Rules 2016 with respect to condensed general purpose financial Statements (the "Legislation").

# Adverse opinion on U.S. generally accepted accounting principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for adverse opinion on U.S. generally accepted accounting principles* section of our report, the accompanying condensed financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023, or the results of its operations for the year then ended.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the condensed financial statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Basis for adverse opinion on U.S. generally accepted accounting principles

As described in Note 3 to the condensed financial statements, the condensed financial statements are prepared by the Company on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Legislation, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to meet the requirements of the Bermuda Monetary Authority.

The effects on the condensed financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 3 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT** (continued)

# Responsibilities of management for the condensed financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the condensed financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Legislation. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the condensed financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the condensed financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the condensed financial statements are available to be issued.

## Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the condensed financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the condensed financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the condensed financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with U.S. GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the condensed financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining,
  on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the condensed financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
  estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the condensed financial
  statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants Hamilton, Bermuda April 22, 2024

Mazars Limited

Independent auditors' report on the Condensed Financial Statements of Xitus Re Ltd. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023

CONDENSED BALAN	CE SHEET		
Xitus Re Ltd.			
As at	31 December 2023		
expressed in ['000s]	United Kingdom Pounds		
		0	T D
CTMT		General & Long-Term Business	
STMT. LINE No.		Consolidated 2022	
LINE NO.		2023 ('000s)	('000s)
		(0003)	(0003)
1.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	40,414	34,680
<del>-</del> -		,	3 1,000
2.	QUOTED INVESTMENTS:		
(a)	Bonds and Debentures		
	i. Held to maturity	-	-
	ii. Other	-	-
(b)	Total Bonds and Debentures	-	-
(c)	Equities		
	i. Common stocks		
	ii. Preferred stocks	-	-
	iii. Mutual Funds	-	-
(d)	Total equity investments	<u> </u>	
(e)	Other quoted investments	-	-
(f)	Total quoted investments	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
3.	UNQUOTED INVESTMENTS:		
(a)	Bonds and Debentures		
	i. Held to maturity	-	-
(1-)	ii. Other	-	
(b)	Total Bonds and Debentures		
(c)	Equities		
	i. Common stocks ii. Preferred stocks		<u> </u>
	iii . Mutual Funds	-	
(d)	Total equity investments		
(e)	Other unquoted investments		
(f)	Total unquoted investments		
(1)	Total anguotod invocationto		
4.	INVESTMENTS IN AND ADVANCES TO AFFILIATES (EQUITY METHOD):		
(a)	Unregulated entities that conduct ancillary services	-	-
(b)	Unregulated non-financial operating entities	-	-
(c)	Unregulated financial operating entities	-	-
(d)	Regulated non-insurance financial operating entities	-	-
(e)	Regulated insurance financial operating entities	-	-
(f)	Total investments in affiliates (equity method)	<u> </u>	-
(g)	Advances to affiliates	-	-
(h)	Total investments in and advances to affiliates (equity method)	<u> </u>	
5.	INVESTMENTS IN MORTGAGE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE:		
(a)	First liens	-	-
(b)	Other than first liens	-	
(c)	Total investments in mortgage loans on real estate		
6	DOLLOV LOANIS		
6.	POLICY LOANS		-
7.	REAL ESTATE:		
(a)	Occupied by the company (less encumbrances)	_	
(b)	Other properties (less encumbrances)	_	
(c)	Total real estate		

8.	COLLATERAL LOANS	-	-
9.	INVESTMENT INCOME DUE AND ACCRUED	-	-
10.	ACCOUNTS AND PREMIUMS RECEIVABLE:		
(a)	In course of collection	-	-
(b)	Deferred - not yet due	-	-
(c)	Receivables from retrocessional contracts	-	-
(d)	Total accounts and premiums receivable		
44	DEINOUDANIOS DALANIOSO DEOSINADI S		
11.	REINSURANCE BALANCES RECEIVABLE:		
(a)	Foreign affiliates	-	-
(b)	Domestic affiliates	-	-
(c)	Pools & associations	-	4.000
(d)	All other insurers		4,038
(e)	Total reinsurance balances receivable		4,038
12.	FUNDS HELD BY CEDING REINSURERS:	_	
13.	SUNDRY ASSETS:		
(a)	Derivative instruments	-	-
(b)	Segregated accounts companies - long-term business -		
(6)	variable annuities	-	-
(c)			
	Segregated accounts companies - long-term business - others	-	-
(d)	Segregated accounts companies - general business	-	-
(e)	Deposit assets	-	-
(f)	Deferred acquisition costs	-	-
(g)	Net receivables for investments sold	- 575	0.240
(h)	ESCROW CASH  Propographic	575	2,318
(i)	Prepayments Other Sundry Assets (Specify)	10	-
(j) (k)	Total sundry assets	585	2,318
(11)	Total outlary accord		
14.	LETTERS OF CREDIT, GUARANTEES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS:		
(a)	Letters of credit	-	-
(b)	Guarantees	-	-
(c)	Other instruments	-	-
(e)	Total letters of credit, guarantees and other instruments	<u> </u>	
45	TOTAL	40.000	44.027
15.	TOTAL	40,999	41,037
	INSURANCE RESERVES, OTHER LIABILITIES AND STATUTORY CAPITAL	. AND SURPLUS	
	WOURANGE RECERVES		
	INSURANCE RESERVES		
16.	UNEARNED PREMIUM RESERVE		
(a)	Gross unearned premium reserves	-	-
(b)	Less: Ceded unearned premium reserve		
	i. Foreign affiliates	-	-
	ii. Domestic affiliates	-	-
	iii. Pools & associations	-	-
	iv. All other insurers	-	-
(c)	Total ceded unearned premium reserve	-	-
(d)	Net unearned premium reserves	-	-
17.	LOSS AND LOSS EXPENSE PROVISIONS:	00.500	00.454
(a)	Gross loss and loss expense provisions	20,532	22,454
(b)	Less : Reinsurance recoverable balance		

	i. Foreign affiliates ii. Domestic affiliates	
	iii. Pools & associations	
(c)	iv. All other insurers  Total reinsurance recoverable balance	
(d)	Net loss and loss expense provisions	20,532 22,454
18.	OTHER INSURANCE RESERVES	
19.	TOTAL GENERAL BUSINESS - INSURANCE RESERVES	20,532 22,454
	LONG-TERM BUSINESS INSURANCE RESERVES	
	20 RESERVES FOR REPORTED CLAIMS	
	21 RESERVES FOR UNREPORTED CLAIMS	
	22 POLICY RESERVES - LIFE	
	23 POLICY RESERVES - ACCIDENT AND HEALTH	
	24 POLICYHOLDER'S FUNDS ON DEPOSIT	
	25 LIABILITY FOR FUTURE POLICYHOLDER DIVIDENDS	
	26 OTHER LONG-TERM BUSINESS INSURANCE RESERVES	
(a)	27 TOTAL LONG-TERM BUSINESS INSURANCE RESERVES Total Gross Long-Term Business Insurance Reserves	
(b)	Less: Reinsurance Recoverable Balance:	
	(i) Foreign Affiliates (ii) Domestic Affiliaties	
	(iii) Pools and Associations	
	(iv) All Other Insurers	
(c) (d)	Total Reinsurance Recoverable Balance  Net Long-Term Business Insurance Reserves	
	OTHER LIABILITIES	
28.	INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE BALANCES PAYABLE	
29.	COMMISSIONS, EXPENSES, FEES AND TAXES PAYABLE	
30.	LOANS AND NOTES PAYABLE	
31.	(a) INCOME TAXES PAYABLE	
	(b) DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	
32.	AMOUNTS DUE TO AFFILIATES	<u> </u>
33.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES	164 75
34.	FUNDS HELD UNDER REINSURANCE CONTRACTS:	
35.	DIVIDENDS PAYABLE	
36.	SUNDRY LIABILITIES:	
(a)	Derivative instruments	
(b)	Segregated accounts companies	

(c)	Deposit liabilities	-	-
(d)	Net payable for investments purchased	-	-
(e)	Other sundry liabilities (specify)	-	-
(f)	Other sundry liabilities (specify)	-	-
(g)	Other sundry liabilities (specify)	-	-
(h)	Total sundry liabilities	-	-
,	·		
37.	LETTERS OF CREDIT, GUARANTEES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS:		
(a)	Letters of credit	-	_
(b)	Guarantees	_	_
(c)	Other instruments	_	_
(d)	Total letters of credit, guarantees and other instruments	_	-
	, 3		
38.	TOTAL OTHER LIABILITIES	164	75
39.	TOTAL INSURANCE PROVISIONS AND OTHER LIABILITIES	20,696	22,529
	STATUTORY CAPITAL AND SURPLUS		
40.	TOTAL STATUTORY CAPITAL AND SURPLUS	20,303	18,507
41.	TOTAL	40,999	41,036
		TRUE	TRUE
	Difference	_	_
	Silviono		

CONDENSED STATE	MENT OF INCOME			
Xitus Re Ltd.				
For the year ending	December 31, 2023			
expressed in ['000s]	United Kingdom Pounds			
expressed in [ 0005]	onited Kingdom Founds	Concept and Large Town Discharge		
OT1 4T		General and Long-Term Business  Consolidated		
STMT.				
LINE No.		2023	2022	
		('000s)	('000s)	
	GENERAL BUSINESS UNDERWRITING INCOME			
1.	GROSS PREMIUMS WRITTEN:			
	(a) Direct gross premiums written	-	_	
	(b) Assumed gross premiums written	_	_	
	(c) Total gross premiums written			
	(-) 8			
2.	REINSURANCE PREMIUMS CEDED			
2.	REMODITATIVE PREMIONIO DEDED			
3.	NET PREMIUMS WRITTEN			
٥.	NET FREMIOWS WRITTEN	-	-	
4	INODEACE (DEODEACE) IN LINEADNED DDEMILIAC			
4.	INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNEARNED PREMIUMS			
_				
5.	NET PREMIUMS EARNED	-	-	
6.	OTHER INSURANCE INCOME	-	-	
7.		<u>-</u>		
	GENERAL BUSINESS UNDERWRITING EXPENSES			
8.	NET LOSSES INCURRED AND NET LOSS EXPENSES INCURRED	(305)	(4,370)	
9.	COMMISSIONS AND BROKERAGE	_	-	
10.		(305)	(4,370)	
		(000)	(1,010)	
11.	NET UNDERWRITING PROFIT (LOSS) - GENERAL BUSINESS	305	4,370	
	HET SHIPERWITH AT HOTH (2000) AEHEIVIE BOOMEOO	000	1,010	
	LONG-TERM BUSINESS UNDERWRITING INCOME			
	EONG-TERM DOSINESS UNDERWITTING INCOME			
10	CDOCC DREMIUMS AND OTHER CONCIDERATIONS.			
12.	GROSS PREMIUMS AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS:			
	(a) Direct gross premiums and other considerations	-	-	
	(b) Assumed gross premiums and other considerations	-	-	
	(c) Total gross premiums and other considerations			
13.	PREMIUMS CEDED			
14.	NET PREMIUMS AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS:			
	(a) Life	-	-	
	(b) Annuities	-	-	
	(c) Accident and health	-	-	
	(d) Total net premiums and other considerations	-	-	
15.	OTHER INSURANCE INCOME	-	-	
16.				
	LONG-TERM BUSINESS DEDUCTIONS AND EXPENSES			
	The second of the second secon			
17.	CLAIMS - LIFE			
Δ1.	OLAHVIO - LII L			

18.	POLICYHOLDERS' DIVIDENDS	
19.	SURRENDERS	
20.	MATURITIES	
21.	ANNUITIES	
22.	ACCIDENT AND HEALTH BENEFITS	
23.	COMMISSIONS	
24.	OTHER	
	Official	
25.		
26.	INCREASE (DECREASE) IN POLICY RESERVES: (a) Life	
	(b) Annuities	
	(c) Accident and health (d) Total increase (decrease) in policy reserves	
	(a) Total increase (decrease) in policy reserves	
27.		-
28.	NET UNDERWRITING PROFIT (LOSS) - LONG-TERM BUSINESS	
29.	COMBINED NET UNDERWRITING PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE THE UNDERNOTED ITEMS	305 4,370
	UNDERNOTED ITEMS	
30.	COMBINED OPERATING EXPENSES:	
	(a) General and administrative	335 418
	(b) Personnel Costs	
	(c) Other	
	(d) Total combined operating expenses	335 418
31.	COMBINED INVESTMENT INCOME - NET	1,825 323
32.	COMBINED OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)	- 4
33.	COMBINED INCOME BEFORE TAXES	1,795 4,279
34.	COMBINED INCOME TAXES (IF APPLICABLE):	
	(a) Current	
	(b) Deferred	
	(c) Total	
35.	COMBINED INCOME BEFORE REALIZED GAINS (LOSSES)	1,795 4,279
36.	COMBINED REALIZED GAINS (LOSSES)	- 1,851
37.		
37.	COMBINED INTEREST CHARGES	
38.	COMBINED INTEREST CHARGES  NET INCOME	1,795 6,130

CONDENSED STA	TEMENT OF CAPITAL AND SURPLUS		
Xitus Re Ltd.			
,	December 31, 2023		
expressed in ['000s]	United Kingdom Pounds		
STMT.		General and Long-Term Business  Consolidated	
LINE No.		2023	2022
		('000s)	('000s)
1.	STATUTORY CAPITAL		
(a)	Capital Stock	00	02
	(i) Common Shares authorized 92,024 shares of par	92	92
	value \$ 1.000 each issued and		
	fully paid 92,024 shares		
	(ii) Preferred Shares	-	-
	authorized shares of par value each issued and		
	fully paid shares		
	aggregate liquidation value for —		
	2023		
	2022		
	(iii) Treasury Shares		
	repurchased shares of par		
	value each issued		
(b)	Contributed surplus	7,408	7,408
(c)	Any other fixed capital		
(3)	(i) Hybrid capital instruments	-	-
	(ii) Guarantees and others	-	-
	(iii) Total any other fixed capital		
(d)	Total Statutory Capital	7,500	7,500
(u)	Total otatatory outstan	1,500	
2.	STATUTORY SURPLUS:		
(a)	Chahutani Cumilia Basinning of Vacu	14.007	6.706
(a)	Statutory Surplus - Beginning of Year	11,007	6,706
(b)	Add: Income for Year	1,795	6,130
(c)	Less: Dividends paid and payable	-	-
(d)	Add (Deduct): Change in unrealized appreciation		(1,828)
(d)	Add (Deduct). Change in unrealized appreciation		(1,828)
(e)	Add (Deduct): Change in non-admitted assets	-	-
(f)	Add (Deduct): Change in appraisal of real estate	_	-
(g)	Add (Deduct): Change in any other statutory capital		
(6/	Add (Deduct). Onlinge in any other statutory capital		
(h)	Statutory Surplus - End of Year	12,803	11,007
3.	MINORITY INTEREST	-	-
4.	TOTAL STATUTORY CAPITAL AND SURPLUS	20,303	18,507
		20,000	
Line 2g	Change in any other statutory capital		
Line 4	Total Statutory Capital & Surplus		
Line 7	Total Statutory Supitar & Surpius		

#### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

#### PART I – GENERAL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. General

Xitus Re Ltd. (previously Electra Insurance Limited) ("the Company") was incorporated in Bermuda on 16 March 1990 and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Xitus Holdings Bermuda Ltd. (the "Parent"), a company incorporated in Bermuda. Effective 31 January 2022, the 100% ownership of the Company was transferred from its previous parent company RWE Generation UK PLC ("RWE") to the Parent, through the sale and transfer of 5,000,000 shares, comprising all the issued share capital of the Company on that date. The ultimate parent is Xitus Insurance Holdings Ltd., a company incorporated in Bermuda. The Company's license was changed from a class 1 to a class 3A insurer effective 31 January 2022. The Parent has the ultimate power to control the Company.

#### 2. Business underwritten

The Company wrote a 100% quota share in 2001 for the property damage and business interruption (excluding terrorism) of RWE. The coverage limits were £135 million any one event, in excess of the insured's retained liability of £15 million per occurrence, limited to £40 million in the annual aggregate. This program is fully reinsured. This program was terminated in 2002.

The Company insured 100% of the legal liability risks including professional indemnity (excluding employer's liability and motor) of RWE. The coverage limits were £150 million any one event in excess of the insured's retained liability (ranging from £10,000 to £250,000). This program is fully reinsured. This program was terminated in 2002.

The Company also insured, without reinsurance protection, increased deductibles imposed by market underwriters on RWE for the property and business interruption risks plus its UK terrorism exposure. These deductibles were £15 million per location and this coverage (including terrorism) has a loss limit of £15 million and an annual aggregate limit of £40 million. This program was terminated in 2002.

The Company also insured RWE's residual liability in respect of employers' liability for the period from 1 April 1977 to 30 March 1989, and public liability for the period from 1 April 1977 to 31 March 1990. The limits of this policy are £100 million in the aggregate, with a sub-limit of £40 million in the aggregate with respect to claims arising from cervical spondylosis. A single premium was received in respect of this policy during the year ended 29 March 1992. Effective 15 July 1994, this cover was extended to include indemnification of RWE's legal liability for compensation payable, damages and expenses incurred in respect of:

(1) Accidental personal injury to employees or third parties during the above periods of coverage; and (2) Disease incurred by employees and third parties prior to 25 December 1949. A single premium was received for this cover.

Mesothelioma claims are funded 50% by the pool insurers, founded in 1949 to provide the Central Electricity Generating Board ("CEGB") with employee liability and public liability cover. RWE (and as a result, the Company) is one of the successor companies to the CEGB which was privatized in 1990. The pool insurers are managed by Electricity Industry Run-Off Services Limited ("EIROS"). The Company has always funded claims 100%, acting effectively as claims administrators for RWE.

In 2002, the Company ceased all underwriting activities.

#### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

## 3. Accounting standards

These condensed general purpose financial statements are prepared in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Insurance Act 1978, amendments thereto and the Insurance Accounts Rules 2016 with respect to condensed general purpose financial statements (the "Legislation"). The recognition and measurement principles applied are based upon accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"), but are in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Legislation, which varies in certain respects from US GAAP. The guidance prescribed under the Legislation differs from US GAAP in certain respects as follows:

- The presentation and classification of the financial statement line items is in accordance with schedules IX and X of the Insurance Accounts Rules 2016 and differ from the expected presentation and classification under US GAAP.
- A statement of cash flows is not included.
- The notes included in the condensed general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Schedule X of the Insurance Account Rules 2016 and exclude certain information required under US GAAP.
- A statement of comprehensive income is not included.
- Reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses and unearned premiums are to be reported net of reinsured amounts.

## 4. Significant accounting policies

The accompanying condensed general purpose financial statements are prepared in conformity with the financial reporting provisions of The Act and reflect the following policies.

#### (a) Use of estimates

To prepare the condensed general purpose financial statements, the Company has to make estimates and assumptions that affect the book value of assets and liabilities, income and expenses, and data disclosed in the notes to the condensed general purpose financial statements.

All estimates are subjective in nature and could materially influence the condensed general purpose financial statements. Accordingly, management makes these estimates and assessments on an ongoing basis according to past experience and various factors that are deemed reasonable and which constitute the basis for these assessments. The amounts shown in the Company's future condensed general purpose financial statements are likely to differ from these estimates in accordance with changes in assumptions or different conditions.

The principal significant estimates made by the Company's management primarily affect the provision for losses and loss adjustment expenses and reinsurance balances receivable.

#### (b) Investment and commission income

Investments are recorded on a settlement date basis. Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of the purchase. Investments may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates or equity prices. Bonds and debentures are carried at the lower of cost and market value. Mutual funds are valued using the net asset value ("NAV") reported by the fund administrator as a practical expedient of fair value.

Investment and commission income are recorded on an accrual basis.

#### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

## (c) Losses and loss expenses provisions

Losses and loss expenses paid, and outstanding loss reserves are recorded when advised by the insured and loss adjuster. The provision for losses incurred but not reported is estimated by management based on the past loss experience of the Company and RWE and the recommendations of an independent actuary.

A significant proportion of the reserves at the year end relates to industrial diseases which are difficult to quantify. The nature of latent diseases means that the diseases manifest themselves many years after the person was exposed to the cause. Therefore, not only is it difficult to determine the reporting patterns and reserves of the diseases currently known due to the significant period between exposure and the manifestation of the disease or its symptoms, but it is also extremely difficult to determine reserves for diseases that have yet to be identified. Similar difficulties are encountered in assessing potential asbestos related claims.

Management believes, based on the past loss experience of the Company and RWE, and the recommendations of the independent actuary, that the provision for outstanding losses and loss expenses will be adequate to cover the ultimate net cost of losses incurred to the condensed balance sheet date, but the provision is necessarily an estimate and may ultimately be settled for a greater or lesser amount. It is at least reasonably possible that management will revise this estimate significantly in the near term. Any subsequent revisions arising are recorded in the period in which they are determined.

#### (d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include investment in time deposits which are highly liquid short-term investments with maturity of 90 days or less from the date of acquisition.

#### (e) Investments

Fixed income securities are recorded at the lower of cost and market value, and equities are recorded using NAV as reported by the fund administrator as a practical expedient of market value. Management regularly reviews fixed income investments, and a full provision is made where a decline in market value below cost is considered to be other than temporary. Impairment is recognized when market value falls below cost for fixed income securities. All such impairment losses are reflected on Line 31 within the Condensed Statement of Income.

Realized gains or losses on sales of investments are recorded on line 36 within the Condensed Statement of Income.

## (f) General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses are recorded on the accrual basis.

# (g) Income Taxes

On 27 December 2023, the Bermuda Corporate Income Tax Act 2023 ("BCIT Act") was enacted into law. The BCIT Act introduces a 15% corporate income tax ("CIT") on Bermuda businesses that are part of multinational enterprise ("MNE") groups with annual revenue of €750 million or more. The effective date for the CIT is 1 January 2025, except for certain provisions commencing 1 January 2024.

The BCIT Act has not been applied to the Company's condensed general purpose financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Company is not in scope for CIT.

#### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

## 5. Recognition of premium, investment, and commission income

See Note 4(b) for investment and commission income. There is no premium income.

## 6. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies were translated into Pounds Sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Balances in foreign currencies are translated to Pounds Sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the year end. Translation gains and losses are included in determining net earnings in the year in which they arise.

# 7. Foreign exchange restrictions

The Company is not affected by any foreign exchange control restrictions.

## **8-14.** Not applicable.

## 15. Related party transactions

There were no related party transactions recorded during the year ended 31 December 2023 or 2022.

# 16. Subsequent events

On 22 December 2023, the Company received approval from the Bermuda Monetary Authority for a capital extraction of £8,200,000. The extraction was paid out in the form of a dividend declaration to the Parent of £5,700,000 and a repayment of contributed surplus of £2,500,000 on 22 January 2024.

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## 17. Not applicable.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

# PART II - NOTES TO THE CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

## 1(a) Capital stock

(a) Authorized capital

#### **Ordinary shares:**

Authorized, issued, and fully paid 92,024 shares (2022: 92,024 shares) of par value £1 each:

£92,024 (2022: £92,024)

## 1(b) Contributed surplus

Contributed surplus remained consistent at £4,907,976 (2022: £4,907,976)

# 2(c). Dividends paid and payable

No dividends were declared or paid in the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: None).

- (a) Effective 31 January 2022, the Company's authorized share capital was reduced from 5,000,000 shares to 92,024 shares at £1 per share, with the excess of £4,907,976 transferred to contributed surplus. A further £2,500,000 cash injection was made to contributed surplus during 2022 to comply with the enhanced capital requirement ("ECR") on 31 January 2022.
- (b) -(c) Not applicable.

#### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

## PART III - NOTES TO THE CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET

#### 1. Cash and cash equivalents

There are no encumbrances on cash and cash equivalents.

2-10. Not applicable.

#### 11. Reinsurance balances receivable

At 31 December 2022, the reinsurance balance receivable related to claims paid on behalf of EIROS by the Company. The receivable was identified during the due diligence process undertaken during acquisition of the Company by Acumen Holdings IV Ltd. The receivable was initially estimated to be £1.7 million however, after further investigation of open claims and the agreement with EIROS, the estimate was increased to £6.5 million on 30 September 2022.

£2.3 million of the total receivable related to a dispute with EIROS over the application of a claim trigger, which led to the Company settling claims in which EIROS had an obligation to pay their share. Depending on the trigger length applied, being a 5 or 10-year period, the calculated amount owed to the Company is £3.0 million if the 5-year trigger is applied or £1.7 million if the 10-year trigger is applied. The lower end of the calculation was initially recorded as the receivable on 31 December 2021, however £2.3 million was finally accepted as a full settlement of the disputed £3.0 million balance and was received as receivable on 30 September 2022. This amount was received in December 2022.

The remaining £4.2 million relates to historic claims paid by the Company in full and have never been recovered from EIROS. These claims were identified as open in the claims data and a percentage share was applied at a per claim level based on the agreement with EIROS.

A signed settlement agreement was reached with EIROS on 22 December 2022, with £2.4 million received by December 31, 2022. All outstanding reinsurance balances receivable at 31 December 2022 were received by 31 May 2023.

- 12. Not applicable.
- 13. (a) Sundry assets are comprised of escrow cash maintained with SLS Crawford, the Company's claims administrator, to fulfil all claim payments on behalf of the Company.
  - (c) Not applicable.
- 14-16. Not applicable.

#### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

#### **17.** (a)

	2023	2022
Gross loss and loss expense provisions at beginning of year	22,453,678	24,300,000
Less: Reinsurance recoverable at beginning of year	=	-
Net loss and loss expense provisions at beginning of year	22,453,678	24,300,000
Net incurred losses and loss expenses		
related to:	-	-
Current year		
Prior years	(305,355)	(4,369,958)
Total net incurred losses and loss expenses	(305,355)	(4,369,958)
Net losses and loss expenses paid or payable related to:		
Current year	-	-
Prior years	(1,616,244)	(2,523,626)
Total losses and loss expenses paid or payable	(1,616,244)	(2,523,626)
Foreign exchange and other	-	-
Net loss and loss expense provisions at end of year	20,532,079	22,453,678
Add: Reinsurance recoverable at end of year	-	-
Gross loss and loss expense provisions at end of year	20,532,079	22,453,678

No additional premiums or return premiums have been accrued as a result of the prior period effects. See Part I - General Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 4 (c) for full discussion of the estimation methods and significant uncertainties associated with loss and loss expense provisions.

- (b) Given the Company is in runoff, all developments impact prior underwriting years. A loss provision of £20,532,079 is recognized at 31 December 2023 (2022: £22,453,678) in alignment with actuarial projections. The actuarial projections decreased year on year as a result of changes in the assumptions in respect of ongoing medical costs associated with the treatment of the insured. These assumptions are reviewed on an annual basis and projections can increase or decrease as a result of any changes.
- (c) Not applicable.

#### **20-32.** Not applicable.

- 33. As at 31 December 2023, the Company had accrued liabilities of £164k (2022: £75k) in respect of professional fees incurred on behalf of the Company.
- **34-37.** Not applicable.

# NOTES TO THE CONDENSED GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

# PART IV - NOTES TO THE CONDENSED STATEMENT OF INCOME

- **6.** Not applicable.
- **15.** Not applicable.
- **32.** Other income (deductions)

In 2022, the Company recognized  $\pounds 4k$  of other income, which relates to an over accrual of investment management fees.

**36.** Not applicable.