

Audited Financial Statements

**Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

With Report of Independent Auditors

**Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.**  
**Audited Financial Statements**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022**

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## Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors  
Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd. (the Company), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), changes in shareholder's equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.



We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

*Ernst + Young Ltd.*

Hamilton, Bermuda  
April 30, 2024

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Balance Sheets

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

|  | December 31, 2023    | December 31, 2022    |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
|  | \$                   | \$                   |
| <b>Assets</b>  |                      |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | 26,368,347           | 5,192,487            |
| Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value<br>(amortized cost: 2023 - \$52,146,324 and 2022 - \$84,461,772;<br>allowance for credit losses: 2023 - 23,962) (notes 3 and 5) | 46,041,840           | 74,631,365           |
| Other investments (note 5)   | 5,706,644            | 4,801,500            |
| Funds withheld (note 4)  | 3,949,515,004        | 3,859,103,742        |
| <b>Total cash and invested assets</b>  | <b>4,027,631,835</b> | <b>3,943,729,094</b> |
| Accrued investment income  | 147,028              | 124,819              |
| Deferred acquisition costs (note 6)  | 96,803,467           | 83,916,523           |
| Due from affiliates (note 10)  | 30,163,887           | 10,334,520           |
| Accounts receivable (note 10)  | 72,587,646           | 5,562,738            |
| Federal income tax receivable (note 13)  | 427,665              | 69,333               |
| Deferred tax asset, net (note 13)  | 158,186,863          | 167,327,532          |
| <b>Total assets</b>  | <b>4,385,948,391</b> | <b>4,211,064,559</b> |
| <b>Liabilities</b>   |                      |                      |
| Future policy benefit reserves (note 4)  | 3,981,591,231        | 3,863,995,191        |
| Deferred profit liabilities (note 7)   | 69,342,420           | 89,124,482           |
| Derivative liabilities (notes 4 and 5)   | 603,295,116          | 637,348,512          |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses  | 14,532,827           | 13,078,031           |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>   | <b>4,668,761,594</b> | <b>4,603,546,216</b> |
| <b>Shareholder's equity</b>  |                      |                      |
| Share capital (note 8)   | 250,000              | 250,000              |
| Additional paid-in capital (note 8)  | 150,285,002          | 79,187,500           |
| Retained earnings (deficit)  | (428,561,518)        | (464,153,136)        |
| Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, (net of tax:<br>2023 - \$1,293,835 and 2022 - \$2,064,386)  | (4,786,687)          | (7,766,021)          |
| <b>Total shareholder's equity</b>  | <b>(282,813,203)</b> | <b>(392,481,657)</b> |
| <b>Total liabilities and shareholder's equity</b>  | <b>4,385,948,391</b> | <b>4,211,064,559</b> |



Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

|  | December 31, 2023  | December 31, 2022    |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|
|  | \$                 | \$                   |
| <b>Revenues</b>  |                    |                      |
| Funds withheld   |                    |                      |
| Investment income from funds withheld  | 244,565,205        | 170,205,741          |
| Realized (losses) gains from funds withheld  | (36,099,135)       | (1,228,276)          |
| Derivative (losses) gains from funds withheld  | (1,147,297)        | -                    |
| Unrealized (losses) gains on embedded derivatives                                    | 34,053,396         | (613,012,104)        |
| Amortization of deferred acquisition costs (note 6)                                  | (14,392,973)       | (9,355,801)          |
| Amortization of deferred profit liability (note 7)                                   | 19,782,062         | 5,890,111            |
| Investment management expenses   | (12,086,229)       | (9,747,462)          |
| Net results from funds withheld  | 234,675,029        | (457,247,791)        |
| Net investment income  | 4,548,398          | 9,590,464            |
| Realized (losses) gains on investments   | (1,686,324)        | (742,362)            |
| Unrealized (losses) gains on investments   | 622,760            | (198,500)            |
| <b>Total revenues</b>  | <u>238,159,863</u> | <u>(448,598,189)</u> |
| <b>Benefits and Expenses</b>   |                    |                      |
| Claims and other insurance expenses  | 6,565,134          | 9,828,395            |
| Interest credited to policyholder account<br>balances and deposit liability expenses | 157,995,349        | 111,565,849          |
| Operating expenses   | 28,423,252         | 16,093,741           |
| <b>Income (Loss) before income taxes</b>   | 45,176,128         | (586,086,174)        |
| Income tax (benefit) expense (note 13)   | 9,503,913          | (123,078,097)        |
| <b>Net Income (Loss)</b>   | <u>35,672,215</u>  | <u>(463,008,077)</u> |
| <b>Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax</b>                                 |                    |                      |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on available for<br>sale securities, net of tax            | 2,898,737          | (6,551,240)          |
| <b>Total other comprehensive income (loss)</b>                                       | <u>2,898,737</u>   | <u>(6,551,240)</u>   |
| <b>Total comprehensive income (loss)</b>   | <u>38,570,952</u>  | <u>(469,559,317)</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

Statements of Changes in Shareholder's Equity  
For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

|  | Share<br>capital<br>\$ | Additional<br>paid-in-<br>capital<br>\$ | Retained<br>earnings<br>(deficit)<br>\$ | Accumulated<br>other<br>comprehensive<br>income (loss)<br>\$ | Total<br>\$   |
|--|------------------------|---|---|--|---------------|
| <b>Balance, December 31, 2021</b>  | 250,000                | 61,687,500                              | (1,145,059)                             | (1,214,781)  | 59,577,660    |
| Net loss   | -                      | -                                       | (463,008,077)                           | -  | (463,008,077) |
| Other comprehensive loss   | -                      | -                                       | -                                       | (6,551,240)  | (6,551,240)   |
| Capital contributions (note 8)   | -                      | 17,500,000                              | -                                       | -  | 17,500,000    |
| <b>Balance, December 31, 2022</b>  | 250,000                | 79,187,500                              | (464,153,136)                           | (7,766,021)  | (392,481,657) |
| Net income   | -                      | -                                       | 35,672,215                              | -  | 35,672,215    |
| Adoption of new accounting<br>standard - Current expected credit<br>losses | -                      | -                                       | (80,597)                                | 80,597   | -             |
| Other comprehensive income   | -                      | -                                       | -                                       | 2,898,737  | 2,898,737     |
| Capital contributions (note 8)   | -                      | 71,097,502                              | -                                       | -  | 71,097,502    |
| <b>Balance, December 31, 2023</b>  | 250,000                | 150,285,002                             | (428,561,518)                           | (4,786,687)  | (282,813,203) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

|   | December 31, 2023  | December 31, 2022   |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|
|   | \$                 | \$                  |
| <b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>   |                    |                     |
| Net income (loss)   | 35,672,215         | (463,008,077)       |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash flows generated by (used in) operating activities: |                    |                     |
| Realized losses (gains) on investments  | 1,686,324          | 742,362             |
| Unrealized losses (gains) on investments  | (622,760)          | 198,500             |
| Unrealized losses (gains) on embedded derivatives   | (34,053,396)       | 613,012,104         |
| Deferred income tax (benefit)   | 8,370,119          | (136,542,753)       |
| Changes in assets and liabilities:  |                    |                     |
| Funds withheld  | (90,411,262)       | (1,015,433,693)     |
| Accrued investment income   | (22,209)           | 498,350             |
| Deferred acquisition costs  | (12,886,944)       | (46,806,635)        |
| Accounts receivable   | (18,820,941)       | 3,410,350           |
| Future policy benefit reserves  | 117,596,040        | 1,009,674,805       |
| Due from affiliate (accrued interest)   | 6,054,575          | -                   |
| Deferred profit liabilities   | (19,782,062)       | (5,890,111)         |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses   | 1,454,796          | 5,112,288           |
| Federal income tax receivable (payable)   | (358,332)          | 514,656             |
| <b>Net cash provided (used in) by operating activities</b>  | <b>(6,123,837)</b> | <b>(34,517,854)</b> |
| <b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>   |                    |                     |
| Purchases of available for sale securities  | (750,226)          | (26,047,287)        |
| Purchases of other investments  | (339,020)          | (5,000,000)         |
| Sales of securities   | 31,379,350         | 32,286,071          |
| <b>Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities</b>  | <b>30,290,104</b>  | <b>1,238,784</b>    |
| <b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>   |                    |                     |
| Additional paid in capital  | 22,893,535         | 17,500,000          |
| Issuance of promissory note   | (20,000,000)       | (14,200,000)        |
| Proceeds from promissory note   | 739,347            | 23,462,219          |
| Accrued Interest on promissory note   | -                  | (147,247)           |
| Repayment of promissory note, net   | (6,623,289)        | 10,000,000          |
| <b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>  | <b>2,990,407</b>   | <b>36,614,972</b>   |
| Change in cash and cash equivalents   | 21,175,860         | 3,335,902           |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year  | 5,192,487          | 1,856,585           |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year  | <b>26,368,347</b>  | <b>5,192,487</b>    |
| <b>Supplemental disclosures:</b>  |                    |                     |
| Income taxes paid, net of refunds   | 1,500,000          | 12,950,000          |
| Net interest received (paid) for promissory notes   | (7,839,441)        | 357,540             |
| Non-cash transaction - capital contribution from parent   | 48,203,967         | -                   |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

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## 1. Organization and corporate structure

Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a Bermuda exempted company with limited liability on January 10, 2020 and registered as a Class C long-term insurer under The Insurance Act 1978 of Bermuda, effective September 21, 2020.

The Company is solely owned by Kuvare US Holdings Inc. ("KUS"), a holding company incorporated under the laws of Delaware. KUS is solely owned by Kuvare UK Holdings Limited, a holding company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales. Kuvare Holdings LP ("Kuvare LP"), a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership is the direct shareholder of Kuvare UK Holdings Limited, which is ultimately held by management and long-term investors who have committed capital to Kuvare LP.

The purpose of the Company is to serve as an internal reinsurer for business from affiliated US life insurance companies.

The Company has entered into three separate quota share reinsurance agreements with affiliate cedants since its inception. The Company's reinsurance transactions have been executed on a Funds Withheld basis. Reserves assumed represent products including fixed deferred annuity contracts and indexed universal life contracts.

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

### a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year.

### b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include deposits, money-market funds, and short-term highly liquid investments (maturity of less than ninety days from the date of acquisition) that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

### c) Fixed maturity securities

The Company's fixed maturity securities are classified as available-for-sale, and are carried at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, being reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). Investment income is recognized as it accrues or is legally due, net of investment management and custody fees. Investment income on fixed maturity securities includes coupon interest, as well as the amortization of any premium and the accretion of any discount. Realized investment gains and losses are recognized on a first-in first-out basis and are reported in net realized gains (losses) on investments within the statement of operations.

Effective January 1, 2023, in connection with the adoption of a new accounting standard, the Company evaluates fixed maturity securities in an unrealized loss position for expected credit losses. First, we assess whether we intend to sell, or it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell, the security before recovery of its amortized cost. If either of the criteria is met, the security's amortized cost is written down to its fair value. For fixed maturity securities that do not meet either criteria, we evaluate whether the decline in fair value has resulted from credit losses or other factors. In making this assessment, management considers the extent to which fair value is less than amortized cost, any changes to the rating of the security by a rating agency, and adverse conditions specifically related to the security, among other factors. If management deems a credit loss

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

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has occurred, the impairment is recorded through an allowance for credit losses rather than as a write-down. Changes in the allowance for credit losses are recorded through operations. Any impairment that has not been recorded through an allowance for credit losses is recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income on our balance sheets. Prior to 2023, the Company evaluated all fixed maturity securities on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic conditions warranted additional evaluations, to determine if a write-down should be recorded due to an other- than-temporary impairment ("OTTI"). If an OTTI was required, the credit component of the OTTI of a debt security was recognized in earnings and the remaining portion in other comprehensive income.

The Company records investments on a trade date basis, with any unsettled trades at year end recorded in accounts receivable or accounts payable and accruals on the balance sheet.

### **d) Short-term investments**

Short-term investments consist of financial instruments with maturities of greater than three months but less than twelve months when purchased. These are stated at fair value or amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

### **e) Other investments**

The Company classifies equity investments as other investments, which are measured and reported at fair value through profit and loss.

### **f) Funds withheld**

Funds withheld represents a receivable for amounts contractually withheld by ceding companies in accordance with reinsurance agreements in which the Company acts as a reinsurer. Although the assets in funds withheld are legally owned by the ceding company, the assets are separated from the general accounts of the cedants and all economic rights and obligations on the assets accrue to the Company. The underlying agreements contain embedded derivatives as discussed in derivatives.

### **g) Deferred acquisition costs**

Costs that are related directly to the successful acquisition of new and renewal insurance business are deferred to the extent they are recoverable from future gross profits. Deferred acquisition costs ("DAC") primarily consists of commissions paid and the difference between the initial reserve transferred and account value, if any. Periodic testing is performed to determine if DAC is recoverable, if it is determined that DAC is not recoverable, a cumulative charge is recorded to the current period. The DAC for interest-sensitive life and investment-type contracts is amortized over the life of the policies in proportion to the present value of the estimated gross profit amounts expected to be realized. Estimates of future gross profits are based on assumptions using accepted actuarial methods. Amortization is recorded as an expense within the statement of operations.

### **h) Derivative asset and liability**

Authoritative guidance for derivatives and hedging (ASC Topic 815) states that an embedded derivative shall be separated from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risk of the host contract.

The funds withheld coinsurance agreements with the cedants results in an embedded derivative as the assets backing the liabilities are retained by the cedants, but their underlying value is determined by factors separate from the host contract, namely interest rate and credit spread movement. The embedded derivative was initially valued at zero and subsequently valued based on the change in fair value of the underlying funds withheld assets.

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

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## i) Future policy benefit reserves

Liabilities for future benefits on interest-sensitive life and investment-type contract liabilities are carried at the accumulated contract holder values without reduction for potential surrender or withdrawal charges. These are equal to the balance that accrue to the benefit of the policyholders as of the financial statement date (commonly referred to as the account value), including, policyholders' accumulated net deposits plus interest credited and investment performance less policyholder withdrawals, fees and policy charges.

## j) Deferred profit liabilities

At inception of block reinsurance transactions, the excess of the assets received over the sum of the reserves reinsured and ceding commission received, if any, is deferred and recognized as a deferred profit liability ("DPL"). The DPL for interest-sensitive life and investment-type contracts is amortized over the life of the policies in proportion to the present value of the estimated gross profit amounts expected to be realized. Estimates of future gross profits are based on assumptions using accepted actuarial methods. Amortization is recorded in income within the statement of operations.

## k) Recognition of revenues and related expenses

The amounts collected on interest-sensitive life and investment-type reinsurance contracts are considered deposits and are recognized as part of the future policy benefit reserves. Interest-sensitive life and investment-type benefits include interest credited to policyholder account values, policy administration and benefit claims incurred in the year in excess of related policyholders' account balances.

## l) Fair value measurements

Authoritative guidance for *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to measure fair value and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. In compliance with these principles, the Company has categorized its financial instruments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the category level is based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument. In accordance with the authoritative guidance for Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on the balance sheet are categorized as Level 1, 2 and 3.

- Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The Company defines an active market as a market in which transactions take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 - Quoted prices in markets that are not active or valuation techniques that require inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs include the following:
  - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities (other than quoted prices in Level 1) in active markets;
  - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets;
  - Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable; and
  - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 - Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These valuations, whether derived internally or obtained from a third party, use critical assumptions that are not widely available to estimate market participant expectations in valuing the asset or liability. When available, the estimated fair value of securities is based on quoted prices in active markets that are readily and regularly obtainable. When quoted prices in active markets are not available,

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

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the determination of estimated fair value may be based on market standard valuation methodologies (pricing models), including discounted cash flow methodologies, matrix pricing, or other similar techniques, as well as significant management judgement or estimation.

### **m) Income taxes**

On December 27, 2023, the Government of Bermuda enacted the Corporate Income Tax Act of 2023 (Bermuda CIT). Commencing on January 1, 2025, the Bermuda CIT generally will impose a 15% corporate income tax on entities that are tax residents in Bermuda or have a Bermuda permanent establishment and are members of multi-national groups "MNE" with consolidated revenues in excess of €750 million for at least two of the last four fiscal years, without regard to any assurances that have been given pursuant to the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act 1966. The Bermuda CIT also includes various transitional provisions and elections that may reduce the amount of tax imposed. Section 13 of the CIT excludes an entity from the scope of the corporate income tax due to the Limited International Footprint Exclusion. As of December 31, 2023, the Company is considered to be part of an MNE group with a limited international footprint. For this reason, it has not accrued any deferred tax expense or benefit relating to the CIT as of December 31, 2023.

The Company has made an election under Internal Revenue Code, or "IRC," Section 953(d) to be treated as a U.S. domestic insurance company effective January 10, 2020.

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. A valuation allowance for a portion or all of deferred tax assets is recorded as a reduction to deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that such portion or all of such deferred tax assets will not be realized.

### **n) Adopted accounting pronouncements**

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board "FASB" issued new guidance on the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments, including reinsurance recoverables. This guidance replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology with one that reflects expected credit losses. The measurement of expected credit losses is based on historical loss information, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The new guidance also requires that a credit impairment on a debt security be recognized as an allowance going forward, such that improvements in expected future cash flows after an impairment will no longer be reflected as a prospective yield adjustment through net investment income, but as a reversal of the previous impairment that is recognized immediately. In addition, the guidance requires enhanced disclosures. The Company adopted this standard effective January 1, 2023, using the modified retrospective approach. The adoption resulted in an increase in retained deficit of \$80,597.

### **o) Recent accounting pronouncements**

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-12, Financial Services-Insurance (Topic 944): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Long-Duration Contracts. The objective of this guidance is to improve, simplify and enhance the financial reporting of long-duration contracts by providing financial statement users with useful information in a timely and transparent manner. The primary changes include: (1) more timely recognition of assumption changes in the liability for future policy benefits and use of a current rate for the discounting of future cash flows; (2) standardization and improvement in the accounting for certain market-based options or guarantees associated with deposit (or account balance) contracts (referred to as market risk benefits); (3) simplification of the amortization of deferred acquisition costs; and (4) enhanced disclosures. As per ASU 2020-11, Financial Services - Insurance (Topic 944): Effective Date and Early Application, the effective date of this standard is fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Certain provisions of the update are required to be

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

adopted on a fully retrospective basis, while others may be adopted on a modified retrospective basis. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on the financial statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures. ASU 2023-09 intends to enhance the transparency and decision usefulness of income tax disclosures, requiring disaggregated information about an entity's effective tax rate reconciliation as well as income taxes paid. This is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2025. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on the financial statements.

### 3. Fixed maturity securities

As of December 31, 2023, the Company's fixed maturity securities holdings were approximately \$46.0 million (2022 - \$74.6 million). The Company had commitments to other investments totalling \$Nil as of December 31, 2023 (2022 - \$Nil).

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses, and estimated fair value are shown below:

|   | December 31, 2023    |                                   |                              |                               | Fair value<br>\$  |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
|   | Amortized Cost<br>\$ | Allowance for credit losses<br>\$ | Gross unrealized gains<br>\$ | Gross unrealized losses<br>\$ |                   |
| Fixed maturity securities, available for sale |                      |                                   |                              |                               |                   |
| Corporate private placements                  | 50,997,362           | -                                 | -                            | (6,080,522)                   | 44,916,840        |
| Preferred stocks                              | 1,148,962            | (23,962)                          | -                            | -                             | 1,125,000         |
|   | <u>52,146,324</u>    | <u>(23,962)</u>                   | <u>-</u>                     | <u>(6,080,522)</u>            | <u>46,041,840</u> |
|   |                      |                                   |                              |                               |                   |
|   | December 31, 2022    |                                   |                              |                               | Fair value<br>\$  |
|   | Amortized Cost<br>\$ |                                   | Gross unrealized gains<br>\$ | Gross unrealized losses<br>\$ |                   |
| Fixed maturity securities, available for sale |                      |                                   |                              |                               |                   |
| Government & agencies                         |                      | 11,011,188                        | -                            | (8,451)                       | 11,002,737        |
| Corporate bonds                               |                      | 7,643,962                         | -                            | (1,366,356)                   | 6,277,606         |
| Corporate private placements                  |                      | 51,013,556                        | -                            | (7,993,136)                   | 43,020,420        |
| Preferred stocks                              |                      | 1,130,598                         | -                            | (80,598)                      | 1,050,000         |
| Collateral loans                              |                      | 13,662,468                        | -                            | (381,866)                     | 13,280,602        |
|   |                      | <u>84,461,772</u>                 | <u>-</u>                     | <u>(9,830,407)</u>            | <u>74,631,365</u> |

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Notes to Financial Statements

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(expressed in U.S. dollars)

The amortized cost and estimated fair value by contractual maturities are shown below:

|   | December 31, 2023 |                   | December 31, 2022 |                   |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|   | Amortized cost    | Fair value        | Amortized cost    | Fair value        |
|   | \$                | \$                | \$                | \$                |
| Due less than one year                    | -                 | -                 | 11,011,188        | 11,002,737        |
| Due after one year through to five years  | -                 | -                 | 13,662,468        | 13,280,602        |
| Due after five years through to ten years | 1,148,962         | 1,125,000         | 1,130,598         | 1,050,000         |
| Due after ten years                       | 50,997,362        | 44,916,840        | 58,657,518        | 49,298,026        |
| <b>Total</b>                              | <b>52,146,324</b> | <b>46,041,840</b> | <b>84,461,772</b> | <b>74,631,365</b> |

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the investment ratings of the Company's available for sale fixed maturity securities portfolio. Investment ratings are obtained from Moody's, Fitch, Standard & Poor's or other nationally recognized statistical rating organizations approved by the NAIC for each investment security.

| Rating        | December 31, 2023 |                     | December 31, 2022 |                     |
|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
|               | Fair value        | Percentage of total | Fair value        | Percentage of total |
|               | \$                |                     | \$                |                     |
| AAA           | -                 | -                   | 11,002,737        | 14.74%              |
| A             | 44,916,840        | 97.56%              | 8,118,980         | 10.88%              |
| BBB           | -                 | -                   | 34,901,440        | 46.77%              |
| CCC and below | 1,125,000         | 2.44%               | 1,050,000         | 1.41%               |
| NR            | -                 | -                   | 19,558,208        | 26.20%              |
| <b>Total</b>  | <b>46,041,840</b> | <b>100.00%</b>      | <b>74,631,365</b> | <b>100.00%</b>      |

The following table illustrates the fair value and gross unrealized losses, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position:

|                              | December 31, 2023   |                         |                   |                         |                   |                         |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
|                              | Less than 12 months |                         | 12 months or more |                         | Total             |                         |
|                              | Fair value          | Gross unrealized losses | Fair value        | Gross unrealized losses | Fair value        | Gross unrealized losses |
|                              | \$                  | \$                      | \$                | \$                      | \$                | \$                      |
| Fixed maturity securities    |                     |                         |                   |                         |                   |                         |
| Corporate private placements | 8,493,120           | (1,506,880)             | 36,423,720        | (4,573,642)             | 44,916,840        | (6,080,522)             |
| <b>Total</b>                 | <b>8,439,120</b>    | <b>(1,506,880)</b>      | <b>36,423,720</b> | <b>(4,573,642)</b>      | <b>44,916,840</b> | <b>(6,080,522)</b>      |

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

|                              | December 31, 2022   |                               |                   |                               |                  |                               |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
|                              | Less than 12 months |                               | 12 months or more |                               | Total            |                               |
|                              | Fair value<br>\$    | Gross unrealized losses<br>\$ | Fair value<br>\$  | Gross unrealized losses<br>\$ | Fair value<br>\$ | Gross unrealized losses<br>\$ |
| Fixed maturity securities    |                     |                               |                   |                               |                  |                               |
| Government & Agencies        | 11,002,737          | (8,451)                       | -                 | -                             | 11,002,737       | (8,451)                       |
| Corporate bonds              | -                   | -                             | 6,277,606         | (1,366,356)                   | 6,277,606        | (1,366,356)                   |
| Corporate private placements | 8,118,980           | (1,881,020)                   | 34,901,440        | (6,112,116)                   | 43,020,420       | (7,993,136)                   |
| Preferred stocks             | -                   | -                             | 1,050,000         | (80,598)                      | 1,050,000        | (80,598)                      |
| Collateral loans             | 13,280,602          | (381,866)                     | -                 | -                             | 13,280,602       | (381,866)                     |
| Total                        | 32,402,319          | (2,271,337)                   | 42,229,046        | (7,559,070)                   | 74,631,365       | (9,830,407)                   |

At December 31, 2023, there were 2 (2022 - 7) fixed maturity securities that were in an unrealized loss position. Of this total, 1 (2022 - 3) was in an unrealized loss position for 12 months or more. These unrealized losses related principally to current market interest rates for similar types of securities and overall economic and financial market conditions which existed during this time. In aggregate, gross unrealized losses as a percentage of amortized cost are 11.7% (2022 - 11.6%) as at December 31, 2023.

#### 4. Funds withheld, future policy benefit reserves and embedded derivatives

The following table summarizes the Company's funds withheld, future policy benefit reserves and embedded derivatives by accounting classification.

| Interest sensitive life and investment type | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
|   | \$                | \$                |
| Assets:                                     |                   |                   |
| Funds withheld                              | 3,949,515,004     | 3,859,103,742     |
| Liabilities:                                |                   |                   |
| Future policy benefit reserves              | 3,981,591,231     | 3,863,995,191     |
| Derivative liabilities                      | 603,295,116       | 637,348,512       |

#### 5. Fair value measurements

The fair values of financial instruments have been determined by using available market information and the valuation techniques described below. Considerable judgment is often required in interpreting market data to develop estimates of fair value. The use of different assumptions or valuation techniques may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

The following table presents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments.



# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Notes to Financial Statements

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|                               | December 31, 2023    |                            | December 31, 2022    |                            |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
|                               | Carrying value<br>\$ | Estimated fair value<br>\$ | Carrying value<br>\$ | Estimated fair value<br>\$ |
| <b>Assets:</b>                |                      |                            |                      |                            |
| Fixed maturity securities     | 46,041,840           | 46,041,840                 | 74,631,365           | 74,631,365                 |
| Other investments             | 5,706,644            | 5,706,644                  | 4,801,500            | 4,801,500                  |
|                               | <u>51,748,484</u>    | <u>51,748,484</u>          | <u>79,432,865</u>    | <u>79,432,865</u>          |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>           |                      |                            |                      |                            |
| Embedded derivative liability | <u>603,295,116</u>   | <u>603,295,116</u>         | <u>637,348,512</u>   | <u>637,348,512</u>         |

The following tables present the Company's hierarchy for its financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

|  | Total<br>\$        | Fair value measurements using: |                    |                   |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|  |                    | Level 1<br>\$                  | Level 2<br>\$      | Level 3<br>\$     |
| <b>December 31, 2023</b>               |                    |                                |                    |                   |
| Fixed maturity securities, fair value: |                    |                                |                    |                   |
| Corporate private placements           | 44,916,840         | -                              | -                  | 44,916,840        |
| Preferred stocks                       | 1,125,000          | -                              | 1,125,000          | -                 |
| Other investments                      | 5,706,644          | -                              | 5,706,644          | -                 |
| Total assets                           | <u>51,748,484</u>  | <u>-</u>                       | <u>6,831,644</u>   | <u>44,916,840</u> |
| Embedded derivative liability          | <u>603,295,116</u> | <u>-</u>                       | <u>603,295,116</u> | <u>-</u>          |
| <b>December 31, 2022</b>               |                    |                                |                    |                   |
| Fixed maturity securities, fair value: |                    |                                |                    |                   |
| Government & agencies                  | 11,002,737         | -                              | 11,002,737         | -                 |
| Corporate bonds                        | 6,277,606          | -                              | 6,277,606          | -                 |
| Corporate private placements           | 43,020,420         | -                              | -                  | 43,020,420        |
| Preferred stocks                       | 1,050,000          | -                              | 1,050,000          | -                 |
| Collateral loans                       | 13,280,602         | -                              | 13,280,602         | -                 |
| Other investments                      | 4,801,500          | -                              | 4,801,500          | -                 |
| Total assets                           | <u>79,432,865</u>  | <u>-</u>                       | <u>36,412,445</u>  | <u>43,020,420</u> |
| Embedded derivative liability          | <u>637,348,512</u> | <u>-</u>                       | <u>637,348,512</u> | <u>-</u>          |

Valuations for the Company's fixed maturity securities and derivative assets and liabilities are generally based on third party pricing services for identical or comparable assets or through the use of valuation methodologies using observable market inputs and are classified as Level 2. Based on the typical volumes and the lack of quoted market prices for available for sale securities, third party pricing services normally derive the security prices through recent reported trades for identical or similar securities making adjustments through the reporting date based upon available observable market information. Typical inputs include, but are not limited to, reported trades, benchmark yields, issuer spreads, bids, offers, credit default assumptions, and/or estimated cash flows and prepayment speed assumptions. If there are no recent reported trades, the third-party pricing services and brokers may use matrix or model processes to develop a security price where future cash flow expectations are developed based upon collateral performance and discounted market rate.

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

### Level 3 Financial Instruments

The following table is a reconciliation for all level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis. There were no transfers between levels for the year ended December 31, 2023 (2022 – no transfers).

|   | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
|   | \$                | \$                |
| <b>Fixed maturity securities</b>  |                   |                   |
| Balance, beginning of year  | 43,020,420        | 50,038,000        |
| Unrealized gain (losses) included in OCI  | 1,912,614         | (7,002,287)       |
| Purchases (Sales)   | (16,194)          | (15,293)          |
| Balance, end of year  | 44,916,840        | 43,020,420        |
| Change in unrealized gains (losses) included in OCI relating to instruments held at the end of the year | 1,912,614         | (7,002,287)       |

The fair value of Level 3 financial instruments as at December 31, 2023 is \$45 million (2022 - \$43 million). The valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs used in the determination of fair value is the estimated illiquidity premium of 150 bps (2022 – 150 bps), representing the estimated spread to discount the security in excess of observable inputs such as treasury yields and corporate credit spreads.

### 6. Deferred acquisition costs

The following summarizes a roll-forward of deferred acquisition costs.

|                            | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                            | \$                | \$                |
| Balance, beginning of year | 83,916,523        | 37,109,888        |
| Additions                  | 27,279,917        | 56,162,436        |
| Amortization               | (14,392,973)      | (9,355,801)       |
| Balance, end of year       | 96,803,467        | 83,916,523        |

### 7. Deferred profit liabilities

The following summarizes a roll-forward of deferred profit liabilities.

|                            | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                            | \$                | \$                |
| Balance, beginning of year | 89,124,482        | 95,014,593        |
| Amortization               | (19,782,062)      | (5,890,111)       |
| Balance, end of year       | 69,342,420        | 89,124,482        |

### 8. Share capital and additional paid-in capital

#### Authorized and Issued share capital

The authorized and issued share capital of the Company is \$250,000 divided into 250,000 ordinary shares, par value \$1 each.

#### Additional paid-in capital

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company received \$31,097,502 (2022 - \$17,500,000) by way of additional capital contributions from its shareholder.

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

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### 9. Statutory requirements

The Company operates in Bermuda and is subject to Bermuda's Insurance Account Rules, amendments thereto and related Regulations (the "Act"). Under the Act, the Company is prohibited from declaring or paying in any fiscal year dividends of more than 25% of its prior year's statutory capital and surplus without prior approval from the Bermuda Monetary Authority (BMA). Similarly, approval from the BMA is required before any reduction of statutory capital by more than 15% compared to the previous year statutory capital. The primary difference between financial statements prepared for insurance regulatory authorities and statements prepared in accordance with US GAAP is that financial statements prepared for the insurance regulatory authorities apply prudential filters to the US GAAP financial statements in order to derive the Statutory Financial Statements. Bermuda statutory surplus differs from U.S. GAAP also due to a modification that permits the Company to not measure the embedded derivative included within funds withheld coinsurance agreements at fair value.

Prudential filters refer to adjustments to eliminate non-admitted assets including goodwill and other similar intangible assets, not considered admissible for solvency purposes; and to include certain off balance sheet assets and liabilities such as guarantees and other instruments that do not relate to insurance contracts.

The Company is licensed as a Class C Long term insurer under the Act and is required to maintain a minimum statutory solvency margin equal to the greater of a minimum solvency margin (MSM) and a percentage of the Enhanced Capital Requirement (ECR). The MSM is equal to the greater of (i) \$500,000 (ii) 1.5% of assets (iii) 25% of ECR. The ECR is calculated based on a standard risk-based capital model developed by the BMA. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's statutory capital and surplus exceeded the minimum solvency margin.

The Bermuda Solvency Capital Requirement (BSCR) employs a standard mathematical model that can relate more accurately the risks taken on by (re)insurers to the capital that is dedicated to their business. Insurers and reinsurers may adopt the BSCR model or, where an insurer or reinsurer believes that its own internal model better reflects the inherent risk of its business, an in-house model approved by the BMA. The Company has adopted the standard BSCR model. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's ECR and target capital level of 120% of ECR have both been met.

### 10. Related Parties

As of December 31, 2023, as part of the funds withheld coinsurance agreements with affiliated US life insurance companies, the Company has assumed liabilities totaling \$3.9 billion (2022 - \$3.8 billion).

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had an outstanding amount receivable from its shareholder of \$48.2 (2022 - \$nil) that related to additional capital contribution. This balance is included in accounts receivable at year end and was subsequently received on April 30<sup>th</sup>, 2024.

During 2020, the Company purchased a surplus note issued by GILICO in the principal amount of \$40.0 million from Kuvare Life Re Ltd ("KLR"), a Bermuda regulated company under common control. The surplus note accrues interest at 6% per annum and matures on December 31, 2049. The surplus note is included in fixed maturity securities, available for sale, at fair value on the balance sheet of \$36.4 million (2022 - \$34.9 million). Amounts included in net investment income for the year amounted to \$2.4 million (2022 - \$2.4 million).

During 2021, the Company purchased a surplus note issued by ULIC in the principal amount of \$10.0 million from ULIC. The surplus note accrues interest at 5.5% per annum and matures on June 30, 2051. The surplus note is included in fixed maturity securities, available for sale, at fair value on the balance sheet of \$8.5 million (2022 - \$8.1 million). Amounts included in net investment income for the year amounted to \$550,000 (2022 - \$550,000).

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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During 2021, the Company purchased a surplus note issued by ULIC in the principal amount of \$25.0 million from ULIC. The surplus note is included in the funds withheld on the balance sheet and accrues interest at 5.5% per annum and matures on December 31, 2051. The fair value of the note as of December 31, 2023 is \$21.2 million (2022 - \$20.3 million). Amounts included in net investment income from funds withheld for the year amounted to \$1.4 million (2022 - \$1.4 million).

During 2021, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note to KLR. The promissory note receivable from KLR accrues interest at Libor, plus the relevant lending rate applicable to the parent company, plus 1% per annum and is due up to 10 years from the date of the agreements. As of December 31, 2023, the amount receivable related to this promissory note was \$Nil million (2022 - \$34.9 million). Interest income in the year amounted to \$626,809 (2022 - \$2,028,168).

During 2022, KUS issued an unsecured promissory note to the Company. The promissory note payable to KUS accrues interest at Libor, plus the relevant lending rate applicable to the parent company, plus 1% per annum and is due up to 10 years from the date of the agreements. As of December 31, 2023, the amount payable related to this promissory note was \$Nil (2022 - \$179,403). Interest expensed for the year amounted to \$Nil (2022 - \$529,212).

During 2023, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note to KUS. The promissory note receivable from KUS accrues interest at Libor, plus the relevant lending rate applicable to the parent company, plus 1% per annum and is due up to 10 years from the date of the agreements. As of December 31, 2023, the amount receivable related to this promissory note was \$62,721,685 (2022 - \$Nil). Interest income for the year amounted to \$2,721,685 (2022 - \$Nil).

During 2022, the Company entered into borrowing agreements with LBL, ULIC and GILICO. Borrowings under these agreements accrue interest at Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), plus 3.75% per annum and are due up to 10 years from the date of the agreements. As of December 31, 2023, the total amount due to affiliates under these agreements amounted to \$7.0 million, \$8.6 million, and \$16.9 million (2022 - \$5.0 million, \$0.2 million, and \$19.2 million) to LBL, ULIC and GILICO respectively. Interest expensed in the period amounted to \$9.4 million (2022: \$1.2 million).

Further, as part of the borrowing agreements, as of December 31, 2023 the Company has committed up to \$29.4 million, \$11.2 million, and \$12.9 million (2022 - \$17.5 million, \$7.0 million, and \$8.1 million) to LBL, ULIC and GILICO, respectively over the course of the reinsurance agreement to secure certain losses already reflected in gain (losses) on embedded derivatives.

As of December 31, 2023, included in accounts payable and accruals is an amount of \$1.3 million (2022 - \$7.4 million) payable to KUS and \$8.2 million (2022 - \$nil) payable to Kuvare Services Bermuda ("KSB") relating to accrued cost sharing fees, for certain services provided to the Company at agreed costs and fees pursuant to a Master Services Agreement by and among KUS, KLR, KSB, the Company, Kuvare Asset Management (Previously known as Kuvare Insurance Services Ltd.) and other parties. Amounts recognised in operating expenses and investment management expenses in the year amounted to \$35.4 million (2022 - \$24.1 million).

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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## 11. Commitments and contingencies

The Company has directed a third-party party bank, Bank of Montreal (“BMO”), to issue a letter of credit in the amount of \$10 million for the benefit of the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”). The letter of credit is a condition of IRS in granting the 953(d) election and is collateralized by qualifying fixed maturity securities with a fair value of \$11.6 million (2022 - \$11.0 million).

## 12. Concentration of credit risk

The Company is a party to financial instruments with a concentration of credit risk in the normal course of business. The creditworthiness of any counterparty is evaluated by the Company, taking into account credit ratings assigned by rating agencies. The credit approval process involves an assessment of factors including, among others, the counterparty, country and industry credit exposure limits. Collateral may be required, at the discretion of the Company, on certain transactions based on the creditworthiness of the counterparty and the nature of the liabilities. The areas where significant concentrations of credit risk may exist include fixed maturity securities, funds withheld and reinsurance balances receivable (collectively, “reinsurance assets”).

For reinsurance assets, the risk of loss is mitigated by the Company’s ability to offset amounts owed to the ceding company with the amounts owed to the Company by the ceding company. Mitigating factors include using financially sound custodians, investment grade collateral with further investment guidelines governing the quality of the portfolio, ceding companies with high credit rating, and ability to offset amounts owed to ceding companies with amounts due from them.

### *Fixed maturity securities*

The Company’s investments are managed following prudent standards of diversification. The Company attempts to limit its credit exposure by purchasing a diversified pool of high quality fixed maturity securities to maintain an investment grade average portfolio that can be pledged as collateral or support retained earnings. The credit ratings of the securities are detailed in Note 3.

### *Funds withheld assets*

The assets are held and managed by the Cedants, well-established affiliated insurance companies with operations in the United States with ratings ranging from BBB+ (Good) to A- (Excellent). In addition, the risk of loss is mitigated by the Company’s ability to offset amounts owed to the Cedants with the amounts owed to the Company by the Cedants.

## 13. Income taxes

The table below presents the components of the expense (benefit) for taxes attributable to continuing operations. There is no difference between income taxes expected at the U.S. Federal statutory income tax rate of 21% and reported income tax expense (benefit).

|                                    | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                    | \$                | \$                |
| Current income tax expense         | 1,133,794         | 13,464,656        |
| Deferred income tax (benefit)      | 8,370,119         | (136,542,753)     |
| Total income tax (benefit) expense | 9,503,913         | (123,078,097)     |

# Kuvare Bermuda Re Ltd.

## Notes to Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(expressed in U.S. dollars)

The table below presents the significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities:

|                             | December 31, 2023  | December 31, 2022  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                             | \$                 | \$                 |
| Deferred tax assets         |                    |                    |
| Policy benefit reserves     | 35,412,969         | 30,454,778         |
| Deferred profit liabilities | 14,561,908         | 18,716,141         |
| Unrealized losses           | 127,879,790        | 135,949,259        |
|                             | <u>177,854,667</u> | <u>185,120,178</u> |
| Deferred tax liabilities:   |                    |                    |
| Deferred acquisition costs  | 20,021,932         | 17,540,821         |
| Bond market discount        | (354,128)          | 251,825            |
|                             | <u>19,667,804</u>  | <u>17,792,646</u>  |
| Deferred tax asset, net     | <u>158,186,863</u> | <u>167,327,532</u> |

### 14. Subsequent events

The Company has evaluated the effects of events subsequent to December 31, 2023, for recognition and disclosure, through to April 30, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material events that occurred subsequent to December 31, 2023.